OCEAN DEVELOPMENT ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The type of items exported include Radio Receivers, Taperecorders, amplifiers, audio equipments, Oscilloscopes power supply medical electronic equipment, computer peripherals, microprocessor based system, broadcasting communication equipment, Semiconductor devices, capacitors, resistors, permanent magnets; soft territes, electro-mechanical components, mica plates, mica capacitors, computer software etc. The total value of exports during the calendar year 1985 was worth Rs. 154.5 crores including exports from SEEPZ and Kandla Export Processing Zone.

(c) A number of policy measures have been adopted to promote growth of eletronics at near-international prices. It is expected that electronics export will also grow along with growth in total production. Further it is proposed to identify thrust products and identify companies with export potential and have a continuous interaction with them in order to highlight and settle general and specific issues involved in boosting exports.

Pollution around Taj

1001. SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Vardhararajan Committee had identified 250 iron foundries as one of the main sources of pollution around the Taj;

(b) if so, whether Government propose to shift all those foundries around the Taj to save its pollution; and

(c) if not, the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) The Committee identified 250 iron foundries as one of the main sources of pollution around the Taj Mahal which use 200 to 300 tonnes of coal per day.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) The foundries have been directed to control their emissions and regulate the operations during certain period in winter months. Schemes have also been taken for improving the performance of cupolas and thereby reducing the emissions.

Creation of Grievances Redressal system in the AIIMS and the Ministries

1002. SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: Will the PRIME MINISTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether a new grievances redressal system is being created in the All India Institute of Medical Sciences (AIIMS), Delhi as reported in the Times of India of 10th October 1986; if so, what ar the details thereof; and

(b) whether an identical redressal system is also being creatd in all centrally run and financed institutes in all the Minsteries throughout the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) The All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi has constituted a five-members Grievances Committee in April, 1986 to deal with public grievances regarding treatment etc. at the AIIMS Hospital The Committee is headed by Prof. B. Ramachandra Rao, M. P. and has the following other members:

(i) Mrs. Nirmala Deshpande.

(ii) Mr. V. V. Malhotra.

(iii) Prof. M. M. S. Ahupa, Prof. and Head of the Department of Endocrinology & Metabolism, AIIMS.

(iv) Dr. (Mrs) S. Bhargava, Director, AIIMS.

(b) Ministries/Departments have been advised to develop and strengthen arrangements for redressal of public grievances at all levels. Apart from designation of Grievance Officers, some Ministries/Departments having large public contact have also set up committees at different levels to deal with public grievances. The arrangements made are however, decided by the organisation concerned keeping in view their management structure, the service provided and their functions.

Training of security men

1003. SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item published in the Times of India dated the 10th October, 1986 to the effect that security men, specially those belonging to Delhi Administration, have been found to be not firing fit;

(b) if so, what training and other steps are proposed to be taken in this regard; and

(c) whether Government propose to give security of all VIP's to the armed forces and of VIP's to the Police?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) All security personnel are given initial musketry traiing for 3 weeks on joining. Thereafter periodic refresher courses are also run for handling of different types of weapons. Monthly firing practice on different types of targets is also given.

(c) No such proposal is under consideration.

Shutting down of Tarapur Atomic Power Station

1004. SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Tarapur Atomic Power Station has developed trouble leading to its shut-down, as reported in the Times of India of 10th October, 1986;

(b) what was the number of such shutdown which have taken place so far in various nuclear power plants in the country; and

(c) whether any inherent faults arisen in atomic power stations now operating in the country, such as RAPS Kota, if so, corrective steps taken/proposed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, SPACE ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) The report refers to a short shutdown at the Tarapur Atomic Power Station. Both the units at Tarapur are currently in operation.

(b) The information is given below: (upto September 1986)

Station	Year if Commercial Operation	Number of Outages since commercial operation
TAPS I	November 1969	182
TAPS II		161
RAPS I	December 1973	193
RAPS II	April 1981	85
MAPS I	January 1984	48
MAPS II	March 1986	19